

DR. RICE THE WINNER.

No Capture the Brooklyn Handicap Race in 2071-4.

HENRY OF NAVARRE'S HORSE SHOWN.

Sir Walter Courte in Third and Handicap Fourth—Clifford and Sport Not in It. The Judges Arrested—Forty Thousand People Present.

New York, May 16.—A better day could not have been desired for the opening of the racing season and the running of the great Brooklyn handicap. At 12:00 o'clock there were at least 40,000 people inside the gates and long lines extending from the box offices waiting for the "dog ticket" to take their money. There was a noticeable excitement at that time for Dr. Rice's horse his first move in the open air and in the clubhouse. With a start to appear before the judges. With a start to appear before the judges. With a start to appear before the judges.

At that time the horses started for the first race. The result was a tie between the two horses, three were then the best of the race. The judges arrested. On the 15th of May, the judges arrested. On the 15th of May, the judges arrested.

Just before the third race was run Dr. Rice again made his appearance. This time he was in the line for the third race. Just before the third race was run Dr. Rice again made his appearance.

Copyrights are the first thing. Henry of Navarre's horse was shown. Copyrights are the first thing. Henry of Navarre's horse was shown.

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NEW TALL CEMETERY.

Ground reserved to erect a new cemetery for the city.

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THE MINE CONFERENCE.

A Row at the Outset Over the Setting of Certain Operators.

THE OPERATORS CAME OUT AHEAD.

See Employees from Pittsburgh Who Had Declared That They Would Not Abide by the Demands of the Majority Got Their Seats. Results Predicted.

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THOUSANDS HOMELESS.

Hammer Configuration in a Boston Tenement District.

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DEMOCRATS DETERMINED.

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YESTERDAY'S GAZETTE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, N. Y.

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PAINT cracks.—It often costs more to prepare a house for repainting that has been painted in the first place with cheap ready-mixed paints, than it would to have painted it twice with strictly pure white lead, ground in pure linseed oil.

Strictly Pure White Lead

forms a permanent base for repainting and never has to be burned or scraped off on account of scaling or cracking. It is always smooth and clean. To be sure of getting strictly pure white lead, purchase any of the following brands:

"Atlantic," "Jewett," "Brooklyn."

For Colors.—National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, a one-pound can to a 25-pound keg of Lead and mix your own paints. Saves time and annoyance in matching shades, and insures the best paint that is possible to put on wood.

Send us a postal card and get our book on paints and color-card, free; it will probably save you a good many dollars.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., New York.

Half the Money

spent for harness and shoes could be saved if they were treated right. What her leather is or not depends on the care it gets.

Vacuum Leather Oil

is the cure for leather. It is a fine oil that will not run off, and will not dry out. It will not run off, and will not dry out. It will not run off, and will not dry out.

WE CURE RUPTURE!

quickly and permanently. Treatments given weekly. For 10 to 15 treatments cure. No pain, danger or detention from business. Consultation free to men, women and children. No day until cured.

DRS. JONES & POTTER,

1370 Broadway, Near 333 St., New York.

Russell House, Middletown,

EVERY THURSDAY, 11 TO 4

TESTIMONIALS

Mr. J. Jones, N. Y., Feb. 10, '94. This is to certify that I have been ruptured on both sides a number of years. That Drs. Jones and Potter, of 1370 Broadway, New York, have cured me. I have not had any inconvenience from the treatment. I have been examined by two physicians of Middletown, and they both pronounced me cured. We refer by permission to a few of our patients.

Mr. J. Jones, 140 Monmouth Avenue, Middletown. Dr. J. Jones, N. Y., Feb. 10, '94. This is to certify that I have been ruptured on both sides a number of years. That Drs. Jones and Potter, of 1370 Broadway, New York, have cured me. I have not had any inconvenience from the treatment. I have been examined by two physicians of Middletown, and they both pronounced me cured. We refer by permission to a few of our patients.

"ADAMANT" WALL PLASTER!

The New, Cheap Substitute for Common Plaster.

It is very hard and very adhesive; it does away with the warping and shrinkage of doors and windows, and it is necessary to use it when common plaster is used; it costs originally but little more than lime plaster, and in the end its superior qualities make it immeasurably cheaper; it saves waiting several weeks or months for the building to dry out; it does not crack or fall off, even in the case of leakage; it is applied easily by any good plasterer; it is the only material with which repointing can be done neatly and to stay.

I. B. A. TAYLOR & CO.,

NO. 60 WEST MAIN ST., MIDDLETOWN

PAPER HANGING MADE EASY

BY USING DAY'S DIAMOND PASTE.

FOR SALE BY ALL WALL PAPER DEALERS. MANUFACTURED BY THE DIAMOND PASTE CO., ALBANY, N.Y.

CONDENSED ADVICE READY FOR USE.

Information Wanted

ABOUT

Two Men,

GOING ABOUT THE COUNTRY

Selling Spectacles and Eye Glasses

pretending to be confidant, with headquarters at Middletown, and from any store, and sell the goods as my agents. They claim to be Dr. J. B. R. and L. A. L. and have no different names. I employ no agents or traveling salesmen.

F. D. KERNOCHAN,

Jeweler and Optician.

17 NORTH STREET, MIDDLETOWN, N.Y.

134444

THE NEW CRUSADERS

"ON TO WASHINGTON" THE CRY OF THOUSANDS OF MARCHING MEN.

They Are Called "Coxeyites," Though Coxey Neither Originated the Idea Nor Was First in the Field on a March to the Nation's Capital.

No matter what you may think of the motive, or the reasoning, or the probability of ultimate accomplishment through the new crusade of the so-called Coxeyites, you must admit that the movement is an important one, and that something is out of kilter in this broad republic. If there wasn't, there would be no such thing as Coxeyism. It wouldn't be possible. If employment at good wages offered itself in all parts of the country, men could not be found to march half way or all the way across the continent in hopes of setting things to rights. It doesn't help matters to say that many of the crusaders are tramps, and it wouldn't affect the proposition if they were all tramps, unless indeed it made it all the stronger.

If everything were O. K. in the United States, there wouldn't be tramps here.

Of course there might be an occasional "old stranger," as our fathers and grandfathers used to call the occasional tramp of antebellum days, but no vast army of "spinks" and "boboes" such as now exists would be possible if there were no cause for it. I do not propose here and now to discuss the nature or the origin of the present trouble, for history is long, and newspaper columns are short. I may be pardoned, however, I trust, if I call the reader's attention to the true starting point of the "On to Washington" movement.

It was nearly eight years ago that Joseph R. Buchanan, now a writer of somewhat radical proclivities, was engaged in making addresses on the labor movement in California. Speaking in San Francisco one night, he dilated upon the need of legislation, as he understood the subject, for the righting of some of the working-men's wrongs. A man in the audience who agreed with the speaker cried out: "That's all true, but what shall we do now?"

In answering this totally unexpected question Mr. Buchanan made use of the term "On to Washington." Carl Browne, now Coxey's lieutenant, was in the crowd. The phrase and the answer made a deep impression upon him and finally bore fruit in his joining his fortunes with the Massillon man in his march to the City of Magnificent Distances.

It was the good or bad fortune of Horse Breeder and Quarryman Coxey to number among his acquaintances a lively young newspaper man in Massillon, who saw that the starting of a crusade of the unemployed from that town in the direction of Washington meant plenty of space for him in the columns of the larger journals of the big cities. It was this young man's special dispatches and articles that familiarized readers everywhere with Coxey's name, and the consequent rendering of the derivative Coxeyism synonymous with the leading idea of the present crusade has doubtless made it immortal.

Notwithstanding this and the fact that he reached Washington first, Coxey's movement captivated several audacious days by that of General Lewis C. Frye, himself a workman, who started with his forces from California. Frye has been an organizer of labor unions "off and on" for several years, and, it was said, he would seem, has had to show far more executive ability to get his men clear across the country than had Coxey to get his smaller contingent over the much shorter distance between Massillon and Washington. Frye's army is larger than Coxey's, and Frye has labored under the disadvantage of having no money of his own, but he was not weighed down with a full Marshal Browne and his extraordinary theories as to remuneration.

Some of the "armies" from the Pacific coast and the Rocky mountain region, aside from Frye's, are in command of General Cantwell, who started from Tacoma with 1,000 men; General Sheppard, who began his march from Kent, Wash., with 500; General Wayne—his real name is Shier—from Troutdale, Or., with 500; Captain Grayson, hailing from Colorado, with 120; General Nolan, also from Colorado, with 75; General Galt, from Salt Lake City, with 550; General Barker, from California, assisted by Mrs. Commander Smith, with 510; Commander Duff, with 53, and General Hogan, from Mon-

tana, with 350. The experiences of the last named have been quite as interesting as any of his brother leaders, especially his arrest when asking for a train at St. Paul to carry him east. It was confidently predicted in many quarters that the men of each contingent would cause a deal of trouble to the authorities as they marched, but these predictions have so far failed to come true in the main, the crusaders conducting themselves as a rule in quite as orderly fashion as the inhabitants of towns through which they have passed. It is quite possible that this good conduct has been partly due to the fact that in most places supplies of food and often of clothing have been freely given, though not always through sympathy, but rather for the avowed purpose of hastening forward the "industrial" march. That there has been and is a very considerable amount of moral support of the movement is, however, true, and it has nowhere been more plainly manifested than in Denver, where the women have organized a "relief corps," and in Chicago, where General Randall organized his forces of over 1,000, with Mrs. Niles C. Smith, his daughter, acting as the Jeanne d'Arc of the army. Mrs. Smith is comparatively young and, as her picture shows, of rather agreeable personality. It will be remembered that Mr. Coxey's daughter desired to ride in advance of his "commonwealthers," and with his approval, as Mrs. Smith leads General Randall's, but Mrs. Coxey No. 1 objected, and the young lady was not in evidence as an "industrious" till the "commonwealther" reached Washington, when she ran away from her mother and headed the May day parade along Pennsylvania avenue. General Randall is a physician by profession, is 54 years of age and was a Greenback man in 1876. A year afterward he organized the Sovereigns of Industry, but he went on the stump for Blaine in 1880. At one time he published a Greenback paper in New York, and in 1886 he was associate editor of the Chicago Express. He is a master workman in the Knights of Labor.

General Charles F. Kelly, not before mentioned here, whose army is perhaps as important as any in the field, is a strict disciplinarian and has had ample opportunity to show his powers, for mutiny has more than once broken out in the ranks of his "industrialists." He is a young man—only 42—is a printer by trade, has been out of work for some time and is said to eschew both the weed and the bottle.

General Galvin, who has been more successful than most of the other leaders in securing railroad transportation for his men, does not believe thoroughly in Mr. Coxey's methods and has a quite different programme from that recommended by the Massillon man to propose to the national legislature. "All we want," he is quoted as saying, "is the government to stop selling to foreigners, to irrigate it and to sell it to American citizens. It would not cost over \$3,000,000 or \$4,000,000."

General M. D. Fitzgerald, who divides with Morris I. Swift the credit of organizing and commanding the New England contingent, is a native of Killdare, Ireland, 36 years old and a brilliant talker. Swift is also a young man, and was born in Ravenna, O., is a graduate of Williams college, has taken special courses of study in philosophy, ethics and political economy at Johns Hopkins university and has studied the same line of subjects abroad.

General Christopher Columbus Jones, the aged leader of the Philadelphia contingent that joined Coxey's "army" just before it reached Washington, is another man of note in the crusade, and there is a host of lesser lights, among them being General Meyer, Commander Beaumont, both western men, Captains Murray and Sweetland of Connecticut and others from New York and New Jersey that are not so well known.

Altogether the most singular incident connected with the movement has been the start for Washington on May 3, from Harrodsburg, Ky., of C. Peter Springer and a few friends in a balloon. Springer is the man who sent a \$100 bill to Miss Folland during the trial of her suit against Breckinridge, and he took with him in his airship \$1,000 which he said he proposed to give to Coxey.

M. L. DEXTER.

Millions For Defense.

Great Britain's new naval programme calls for the expenditure of over \$28,000,000.

THE SEAT of Sick Headaches is in the stomach and the bowels. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure it perfectly. They regulate the stomach and bowels mildly, gently, naturally.

With these tiny Pellets, the smallest made and the pleasantest to take, there's a peculiar strengthening and tonic effect on the living membranes of the intestines, so that their help lasts. They prevent, relieve, and permanently cure Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Sick or Bilious Headaches, Sour Stomach, Dizziness, and every liver, stomach, and bowel disorder.

They're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

One of the most difficult diseases to deal with is Catarrh. Perhaps the only medicine that will cure it, root and branch, is Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. So sure is the cure of failure that the makers guarantee it in the worst case.

LOCATIONS OF FIRE ALARM BOXES

For the information of our readers we publish below a complete list of the numbers and locations of all the fire alarm boxes in this city:

14—Wickham ave., Cor. Prince, U. & W. R. E.

15—North street and Low avenue, hat shop.

16—North street and First street, type shop.

17—Broadway and Montgomery street.

18—Grand avenue and Prince street.

19—Wickham avenue, corner Liberty street.

20—West Main street, corner West street.

21—North street, corner Wickham avenue.

22—James and Henry streets.

23—North street and Liberty street crossing.

24—Late avenue and West street.

25—W. Main street, corner Hochman avenue.

26—Late Hospital.

27—Prospect street and Highland avenue.

28—Fulton and Mill streets, hat shop.

29—High and Sanford streets.

30—Canal street, condenser.

31—Fulton and Fulton streets.

32—Fulton street and East street.

33—Academy and Houston avenues.

34—E. Main street, corner West street.

35—E. Main street, foot of Orchard street.

36—Academy avenue and Gunning street.

37—Myrtle and Prospect avenues.

38—First street and Sprague avenue.

39—Franklin square.

MIDDLETOWN TIME CARD.

N. Y. L. E. & W. RAILROAD.

The following is the time of departure of passenger trains from Middletown station beginning Nov. 19th, '94, and continuing until further notice:

EAST BOUND.

70 Chicago Express..... 6:30 a.m.

71 Buffalo Express..... 6:45 a.m.

72 Hudson River Express..... 7:00 a.m.

73 Orange County Express..... 7:15 a.m.

74 Monticello Express..... 7:30 a.m.

75 Del. Valley Express..... 7:45 a.m.

76 West Main street, corner West street.

77 Chicago Express..... 7:55 a.m.

78 West Main street, corner West street.

79 Chicago Limited..... 8:10 a.m.

80 West Main street, corner West street.

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DAILY ARGUS.

G. MACARDILL.

PUBLISHER.

GEORGE H. THOMPSON, Editor.
J. F. ROBINSON, City Editor.
A. E. NICHOLSON, Business Manager.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 16, 1894.

Unless amended, the income tax provision of the Senate tariff bill will put under tribute the earnings of the savings banks,—the custodians of the savings which the masses of the people have accumulated by dint of hard economies and heroic self-denials. There may be state-manship this, but if so, it is of the jack-assian order.

Altenberger, the cowardly villain who, after robbing Katie Rupp, whom he had promised to marry, shot her and left her for dead on the outskirts of Jersey City, proves to have had similar designs on other girls, who had saved enough of their wages to excite his cupidity. The news of his arrest, yesterday, is good news indeed. Stern Jersey justice may be trusted to deal with him according to his deserts, but no one would mourn if Lynch law quickly rid the earth of this most despicable scoundrel.

Democrats in Washington are beginning to believe that this Congress will never adjourn. The House will not consent to an adjournment until some tariff legislation is effected and the Senate, which cannot adjourn without the consent of the House, does not seem to be able to legislate on the tariff or anything else. If the Senate does not do something, some Democrats in the House propose to attack the trusts and monopolies, which exist through tariff protection, by means of single shot tariff bills.

Senator Pound's compulsory education act, which Gov. Flower signed, Monday, is to take effect Jan. 1st. It is very stringent in its provisions and, if faithfully enforced, will make illiteracy impossible. The leading requirements of the law are that all children, between eight and twelve years, unless exempted because of mental or physical ailments, must attend a public, private or parochial school or be instructed at home during the whole school year and that all children between twelve and fourteen years must attend school or receive private instruction for eighty days or one half of the legal school year. Children between fourteen and sixteen years must attend school when not lawfully employed. Persons responsible for children, who do not attend school, and persons employing children unlawfully are subject to fine. In cities and union free school districts, attendance officers must be provided to enforce the law. They are to arrest truants and turn them over to their parents or teachers and incorrigible truants are to be brought before magistrates, who may commit them to truant schools, which are to be provided where needed. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction is charged with the enforcement of the law and is authorized to appoint assistants to travel about the State and see that the provisions of the law are complied with.

There are many good features about this law, but in many cases it will work hardship and put a premium on deceit and perjury. In the case of a boy or girl, large enough to work, and whose earnings are needed by the family, but who is not old enough to be exempted from attendance in school, the experience with our factory laws has shown that parents and children will not hesitate to lie concerning the child's age, and, if necessary, back up the lie with a false oath in order to secure school exemption. The appointment of truant officers in cities and union free school districts will involve a very large aggregate expense, for to a city like this, such an officer, to be of any use, would have to be on duty all the time, and even then it is doubtful if one man could do much toward seeing that the law's many requirements are complied with. The law proposes to do for parents what parents should do for themselves, and for a term of years in each child's life decrees that the State and not its parents shall have control of the child. The excuse for its enactment is that some parents fail of their duty, but the neglect of duty by a few hardly warrants the State in stretching its authority to the straining point.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS SUMMARY.

—General Edwards, U. S. Consul at Berlin, died, to-day, of inflammation of the lungs.
—The cutter Valkyrie, of Palermo, (not the America's cup contestant) was wrecked on the African coast and all on board lost.
—The House is considering the agricultural appropriation bill.
—Nim Young was lashed at Ocala, Fla., yesterday, for outraging Lizzie Williams.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

FORCED TO QUIT WORK

Striking Brickmasons from Up the River Stop Work in the Fishkill Yards.

By United Press.

Newburgh, N. Y., May 16.—Three hundred men, led by striking delegates from Kingston and other up river brick yards, appeared at the Fishkill brick yards early this morning. They visited all the yards from Low Point to Dutchess Junction, eight miles, and compelled all to stop work. The men themselves are not striking, but they did not resist. There was no violence.

A BOMB IN A PASSENGER CAR.

Destitute Attempt to Blow Up a Toledo and Ohio Central Train.

By United Press.

Columbus, Ohio, May 16.—An attempt was made to blow up a Toledo and Ohio Central passenger train, south of Corning, this State, last night, by the throwing of a bomb in the open window of a coach by an unknown man. The fuse failed to burn.

BLESSED ARE THE PEACEMAKERS

Judge Brown Does Police Duty and Stops a Street Fight.

By United Press.

Newburgh, May 16.—Justice C. F. Brown, of the Supreme Court, Presiding Judge at the General Term now in session at Poughkeepsie, lives here. Last night, while returning home, he saw two men fighting in the street. He got out of his carriage, separated the fighters, and threw them to opposite sides of the street, and then re-entered his carriage and drove away. The police subsequently arrested the fighters, and they were fined, this morning.

MONEY FOR ANTI-TARIFF BILL VOTES

Senators Hutton and Kyle Say Attempts Were Made to Bribe Them.

By United Press.

Washington, May 16.—Senators Hutton and Kyle, to-day, admitted the truth of the statement that they had been approached by a man who tried to bribe them to vote against the tariff bill. Both refused to give the name of the person. Mr. Hutton said the attempt was not a recent occurrence, but happened over a month ago.

A BATTLE WITH KELLY INDUSTRIALS.

By United Press.

Elkhart, Iowa, May 16.—A battle occurred, last night, between the local guards and some of Kelly's commonwealthers. The Kellyites attempted to land on forbidden ground and the guards ordered them off. Clubs and stones were used in the fight. Several on both sides were injured.

THE STOCK-MARKET.

By United Press.

New York, May 16.—The stock market opened active and weak, fractionally lower. There was some pressure to sell the Grangers, Sugar, Lead and Louisville and Nashville.

MUCH DAMAGE BY LIGHTNING IN CHICAGO.

By United Press.

Chicago, May 16.—An unusually heavy rain storm accompanied by lightning, swept over part of Chicago last evening. A number of buildings were fired by lightning, causing considerable damage.

FEARED TO OUTLIVE EACH OTHER

DIED TOGETHER.

By United Press.

Vinona, May 16.—An artist named Kollarz, and his three unmarried sisters, committed suicide by poison at a hotel here. They left a letter stating that they had determined to die together because they feared to outlive each other. All were over fifty.

A \$300,000 FINE IN NEW YORK.

By United Press.

New York, May 16.—Early this morning, fire burned the structures in the Park known as Jones' Woods, on the East River, extending from 10th street to 70th street. Several adjoining buildings, together with fifty houses were also burned. The total loss is \$1,000,000.

PHIL DWYER HELD FOR EXAMINATION.

By United Press.

Brooklyn, May 16.—P. J. Dwyer appeared in court, to-day, charged with contriving a lottery. He pleaded not guilty and was held in \$1,000 bail for examination.

WIFE MURDER AND SUICIDE.

By United Press.

Waverly, May 16.—Alonzo Hyatt, of Waverly, this afternoon, stabbed his wife and then himself. He died almost immediately. His wife cannot survive.

BOSTON'S FIRE LOSS LESS THAN FIRST ESTIMATED.

By United Press.

Boston, May 16.—It is now stated that the loss by yesterday's fire will not be as great as at first reported. The structures burned were of a cheap class, and the assessed valuation was but little over \$200,000.

SHAVED HER HUSBAND.

How a Baltimore Lady Raised Money to Assist in Improving Church Property.

The ladies of Memorial Protestant Episcopal Church of the Holy Comforter are industriously working to improve the church property. Some time ago they got together, and after discussing ways and means each pledged herself to raise a certain sum of money within two months. The time having expired, a meeting was held Tuesday night to relate experiences, and to learn the result of the various undertakings. Each lady returned her card with a larger sum than she pledged herself for.

The method used to raise the money was almost as varied as the numbers of the cards. One lady made and sold soup, the profit from which she applied her with money to redeem her pledge. Another sold cakes, another candy, and another made and sold dresses. One lady adopted a novel plan to raise the promised money. She has not only strong nerves and a steady hand, but a husband who has great faith in her, for he has allowed her to shave him and paid her the price which he usually paid his barber. The report does not say anything about the condition of his face after the two months had passed. By the united efforts of the ladies a large sum was realized, which will be used to renovate the church.—Baltimore Sun.

"I had several boils, but have not had any since I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla." ANNA T. FOOT, Castle Creek, N. Y.

MARRIED.

MOSHER-CUDNEY.—In this city, April 25th, by Rev. Chas. Beattie, Frank L. Mosher, of Middletown, and Norma M. Cudney, of Summitville.

DIED.

LINDERMAN.—In this city, May 14th, Catharine Linderman, in her seventy-ninth year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, Thursday, at two o'clock, at her late residence, No. 218 North street. Interment in family plot, Scotchtown Cemetery.



Mrs. Ida Burns
London, New York.

Blood Poisoning
After Diphtheria—Life in Danger

Hood's Sarsaparilla Was the Physician Which Saved.

"G. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: 'My wife had diphtheria and she lay at death's door for six weeks. She recovered, but she did not get her strength and she was

Poorly For One Year. She was suddenly taken ill again and some doctors called it rheumatism, others gout, and one said it was consumption. All the pain was in her feet and limbs. At last I called a resident physician of Harper's hospital, who termed the trouble blood poisoning from diphtheria and advised a change of climate, but as I was a workman, I could not afford it. Soon after a circular was left at the house advertising Hood's Sarsaparilla. I read of a case similar to my wife's which Hood's had cured. Without telling her what it was, I began giving it to her regularly.

The Third Day She Was Better and in two weeks she put on her slippers for the first time in ten months. I got six more bottles, and before the fourth was used she was able to do the housework. I saved her from death with Hood's Sarsaparilla and I know it. She took 12 bottles and has since enjoyed the best of health. Hood's Sarsaparilla is now her doctor.

HOOD'S
Sarsaparilla
CURES

In all cases. The whole family take it every spring. It has done more for us than we can put in writing. I will always stand up for Hood's Sarsaparilla." EARL BUNNEY, Linden, N. Y.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

JAMES T. KING,
Druggist and Pharmacist,
CORNER MAIN AND SOUTH STS.

FOR DRUGS AND MEDICINES, CHEAP AND AFFORDABLE. THE CITY TO THE COUNTRY.

HAMS.

Get One of
SLOAT'S
Sugar Cured
HAMS.

We Will Continue the Special Sale
OF
JACKETS and CAPES
ANOTHER WEEK.

The prices are the lowest known for new style garments. Come and see.

If you want Lace Curtains or Chenille Portieres we can do you some good.

Lace Curtains from 42 cents per pair. Chenille from \$3.25 per pair.

CARSON & TOWNER,
No. 11 WEST MAIN STREET, MIDDLETOWN.

Ready Made Clothing.

HATS, HATS, HATS!

All the latest styles for men, youths, boys and children. Prices tell the story and business is booming.

A Large Invoice of Straw Hats.

A complete stock of Gents' Furnishings. Look at our line of Summer Underwear.

Merchant Tailoring Department

This branch is a grand success. We carry the stock of Foreign and Domestic Goods for Suits, Overcoats and Trousers. J. M. HUGHES gives us in satisfaction. A full stock of Men's and Boys' Working Pants and Overall Suits. Blue Hats Ironed Free at

JOHN E. ADAMS'S,

Leading Hatter, Clothier, Merchant Tailor and Gents' Furnisher
No. 41 North Street, Middletown.

Summer
Suits

AT
Greatly
Reduced
Prices.

We refer now to the fine grades of clothing that are made from the best domestic and imported fabrics, and that any one should be proud to wear. True, you may find other suits elsewhere cheaper, that look as well and feel as well, but you will not find the quality. Better buy a suit that will last two seasons and pay a dollar more, than one for one season and save a dollar.

Isaac Lipfeld.

25 North street.

WE OPEN TO-DAY,

100 Styles of New Silk
Umbrellas and Parasols.

FIFTY STYLES NEW LACES

in cream, ecru and black.

100 Styles Ladies' Shirt Waists

in all the new styles and shapes.

IN WASH DRESS GOODS

we are showing a very large stock New Challies at 5c, formerly 8c; New Satines 16c, formerly 25c; a large variety of Ginghams at 5c.

Our Special Leaders.

Fast Black Organdies at \$1 44 per dress, and All Wool Henriettes at \$2.69 per dress are leaders. They sell. To-day—a new invoice of Silk Mitts and Gloves.

H. E. Churchill & Co.,
39 NORTH ST.

J. M. PHILLIPS,
successor to L. S. GILMAN,
City Market, Corner North
and Orchard Streets.

All kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats, Fresh, Salt and Smoked Fish, Vegetables, Canned Goods, Fruits, etc. A full supply of Fine Stock Cheese on hand. J. M. PHILLIPS.

SEED CORN.

St. Charles, Leeming and Pride of the North Seed Corn. Best grades of Flour, Feed, Grain, Hay and Mill Feed, at lowest market rates.

C. J. EVERSON,

successor to Geo. L. Everson & Co.
6 King Street.

Administrator's Sale.

A valuable plot of land for sale on Franklin street, the 4th and 5th above the Madison Hotel. One minute walk from the 1st and 2nd streets. This is one of the best pieces of property now for sale in Middletown. It contains 12 feet on Franklin street, 40 feet deep or four building lots, at \$1 each. For details and health it cannot be better, and it must be sold to settle up the estate of the late Mrs. Mary Given. Enquire of J. H. GILBERT, one of the administrators.

Greatest Assortment of Summer Goods in the City at 19 North Street.

Lap Duster 45 cents up. Summer Fly Blankets 50 cents up. Also the largest assortment of Sewing Machines in the city.

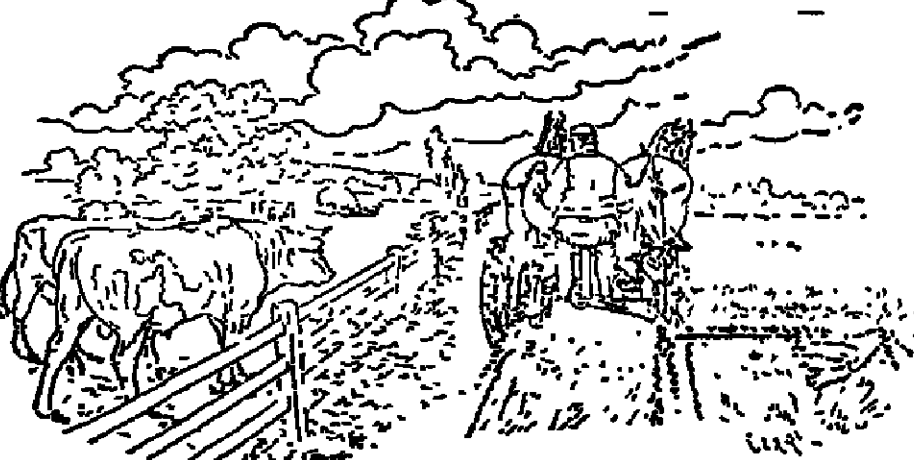
EMIL E. E. RAASCH,

19 NORTH STREET, MIDDLETOWN.

ORDERS for carpet cleaning may be left at Hott & Gilman's, 100 and 101 West Main street; Frank's drug store, 101 and 102 West Main street; J. E. Corwin's, corner North street and Wickham avenue; Babcock's, corner Lake and Wickham avenues; or at the Middletown Steam Carpet Cleaning Works, corner Fulton street and Sprague avenue.

E. H. GREGORY.

MCGORMICK MOWING MACHINES.



Bullard Hay Tedders, Osborne and Taylor's Hay Rakes, Planet, Jr., Cultivators, Corn Planters
Best assortment Lawn Mowers in the city

MILLSPAUGH HARDWARE CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE
CORNER MAIN AND CANAL STS. MIDDLETOWN, N. Y.

C. A. R. or R. R.

We have full equipments for uniforms for veterans. Our suits are guaranteed fast color and the workmanship is better than the average. [Hats, Coats, Wreaths, Buttons, etc., to complete the uniform for Decoration Day. For Railroad Suits we have all styles required. Get our prices at the One Price Blue Front Clothing Store, 10 North St.

MORRIS B. WOLF.

DID YOU EVER TRY
TO SAVE \$500

Or even half of it? It was a tough job, wasn't it? You often felt like using the money, didn't you? That was because you knew you had it in your pocket or the bank. Could you save up \$250 to buy a piano? Doubtful, but you wouldn't miss \$10 a month if you could pay it that way and get a first-class Piano from the start.

That is just what we are in

business for. Although we sell Pianos and Organs for cash, and at prices that cannot be beaten in the world, we also sell the same instruments on credit terms, asking only a small percent for the accommodation. It's the best and easiest way that you can secure a Piano or Organ. The latter are only 85 per month.

"Middletown
Music Store,"

56 NORTH ST.
SUCCESSORS to Wood T. Ogden,
Morgan & Wilbur, and The
Morgan Music Co.

Having Opened a Coal Yard at No. 10 Railroad Avenue.

I would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage for all kinds of high and low-grade coal of all grades which will be delivered to any part of the city. All coal delivered before delivery. Office 124 North street. Telephone call 12.

